

### **TLE 4267**

5-V Low Drop Voltage Regulator

TLE 4267 TLE 4267 G TLE 4267 S TLE 4267 GM

### **Data Sheet**

Rev. 2.51, 2012-01-20

### **Automotive Power**



### 5-V Low Drop Voltage Regulator

**TLE 4267** 



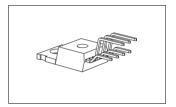


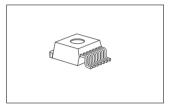
#### **Features**

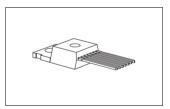
- Output voltage tolerance ≤ ±2%
- 400 mA output current capability
- · Low-drop voltage
- Very low standby current consumption
- Input voltage up to 40 V
- Overvoltage protection up to 60 V (≤ 400 ms)
- Reset function down to 1 V output voltage
- ESD protection up to 2000 V
- · Adjustable reset time
- On/off logic
- Overtemperature protection
- Reverse polarity protection
- Short-circuit proof
- Wide temperature range
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- Green Product (RoHS compliant)
- AEC Qualified

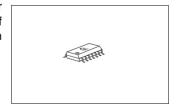
### **Functional Description**

TLE 4267 is a 5-V low drop voltage regulator for automotive applications in the PG-TO220-7 or PG-DSO-14-30 package. It supplies an output current of > 400 mA. The IC is shortcircuit-proof and has an overtemperature protection circuit.









Туре	Package	Туре	Package
TLE 4267	PG-TO220-7-11	TLE 4267 S	PG-TO220-7-12
TLE 4267 G	PG-TO263-7-1	TLE 4267 GM	PG-DSO-14-30



### Application

The IC regulates an input voltage  $V_{\rm I}$  in the range of 5.5 V <  $V_{\rm I}$  < 40 V to a nominal output voltage of  $V_{\rm Q}$  = 5.0 V. A reset signal is generated for an output voltage of  $V_{\rm Q}$  <  $V_{\rm RT}$  (typ. 4.5 V). The reset delay can be set with an external capacitor. The device has two logic inputs. A voltage of  $V_{\rm E2}$  > 4.0 V given to the E2-pin (e.g. by ignition) turns the device on. Depending on the voltage on pin E6 the IC may be hold in active-state even if  $V_{\rm E2}$  goes to low level. This makes it simple to implement a self-holding circuit without external components. When the device is turned off, the output voltage drops to 0 V and current consumption tends towards 0  $\mu$ A.

### **Design Notes for External Components**

The input capacitor  $C_{\rm l}$  is necessary for compensation of line influences. The resonant circuit consisting of lead inductance and input capacitance can be damped by a resistor of approx. 1  $\Omega$  in series with  $C_{\rm l}$ . The output capacitor is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. Stability is guaranteed at values of  $\geq$  22  $\mu$ F and an ESR of  $\leq$  3  $\Omega$  within the operating temperature range.

### **Circuit Description**

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly accurate by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of the series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any over-saturating of the power element.

The reset output RO is in high-state if the voltage on the delay capacitor  $C_{\rm D}$  is greater or equal  $V_{\rm UD}$ . The delay capacitance  $C_{\rm D}$  is charged with the current  $I_{\rm D}$  for output voltages greater than the reset threshold  $V_{\rm RT}$ . If the output voltage gets lower than  $V_{\rm RT}$  a fast discharge of the delay capacitor  $C_{\rm D}$  sets in and as soon as  $V_{\rm CD}$  gets lower than  $V_{\rm LD}$  the reset output RO is set to low-level (see **Figure 6**). The reset delay can be set within wide range by dimensioning the capacitance of the external capacitor.



Table 1 Truth Table for Turn-ON/Turn-OFF Logic

E2, Inhibit	E6, Hold	$V_{Q}$	Remarks
L	Χ	OFF	Initial state, Inhibit internally pulled-up
Н	Χ	ON	Regulator switched on via Inhibit, by ignition for example
Н	L	ON	Hold clamped active to ground by controller while Inhibit is still high
X	L	ON	Previous state remains, even ignition is shut off: self-holding state
L	L	ON	Ignition shut off while regulator is in self-holding state
L	Н	OFF	Regulator shut down by releasing of Hold while Inhibit remains Low, final state. No active clamping required by external self-holding circuit ( $\mu$ C) to keep regulator in off-state.

Inhibit: E2 Enable function, active High

Hold: E6 Hold and release function, active Low



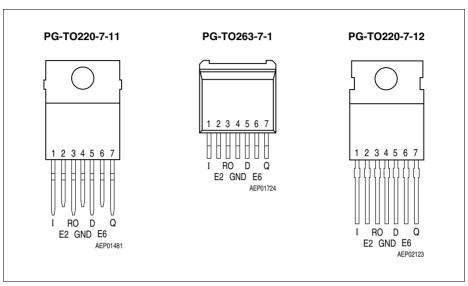


Figure 1 Pin Configuration (top view)

Table 2 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input; block to ground directly at the IC by a ceramic capacitor
2	E2	Inhibit; device is turned on by High signal on this pin; internal pull-down resistor of 100 $\mbox{k}\Omega$
3	RO	Reset Output; open-collector output internally connected to the output via a resistor of 30 $k\Omega$
4	GND	Ground; connected to rear of chip
5	D	Reset Delay; connect via capacitor to GND
6	E6	<b>Hold;</b> see <b>Table 1</b> for function; this input is connected to output voltage via a pull-up resistor of 50 k $\Omega$
7	Q	<b>5-V Output</b> ; block to GND with 22- $\mu$ F capacitor, ESR < 3 $\Omega$



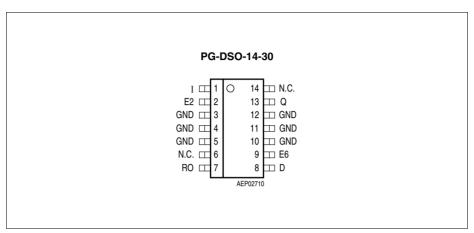


Figure 2 Pin Configuration (top view)

Table 3 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input; block to ground directly at the IC by a ceramic capacitor
2	E2	Inhibit; device is turned on by High signal on this pin; internal pull-down resistor of 100 $\mbox{k}\Omega$
7	RO	Reset Output; open-collector output internally connected to the output via a resistor of 30 $k\Omega$
3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12	GND	Ground; connected to rear of chip
8	D	Reset Delay; connect with capacitor to GND for setting delay
9	E6	<b>Hold;</b> see <b>Table 1</b> for function; this input is connected to output voltage via a pull-up resistor of 50 $k\Omega$
13	Q	<b>5-V Output;</b> block to GND with 22- $\mu$ F capacitor, ESR $\leq$ 3 $\Omega$
6, 14	N.C.	Not Connected



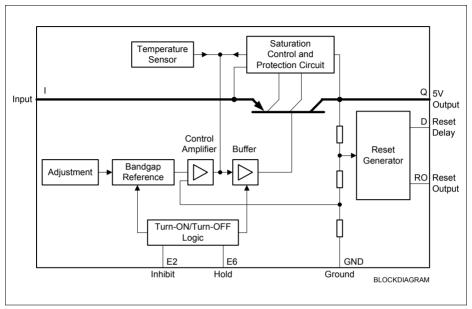


Figure 3 Block Diagram



### Table 4 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{\rm J}$  = -40 to 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes	
		Min.	Max.			
Input	-	<u> </u>		1		
Voltage	$V_{I}$	-42	42	٧	_	
Voltage	$V_1$	_	60	٧	<i>t</i> ≤ 400 ms	
Current	$I_{I}$	_	_	_	internally limited	
Reset Output			•			
Voltage	$V_{RO}$	-0.3	7	٧	_	
Current	$I_{RO}$	_	_	_	internally limited	
Reset Delay			•			
Voltage	$V_{D}$	-0.3	42	٧	_	
Current	$I_{D}$	_	_	_	_	
Output	•		*	*		
Voltage	$V_{Q}$	-0.3	7	٧	_	
Current	$I_{Q}$	_	_	_	internally limited	
Inhibit		•		•		
Voltage	$V_{E2}$	-42	42	٧	_	
Current	$I_{E2}$	-5	5	mA	<i>t</i> ≤ 400 ms	
Hold		•	•	•		
Voltage	$V_{E6}$	-0.3	7	٧	_	
Current	$I_{E6}$	_	_	mA	internally limited	
GND		•		*		
Current	$I_{GND}$	-0.5	_	Α	_	
Temperatures			•			
Junction temperature	$T_{J}$	_	150	°C	_	
Storage temperature	$T_{ m stg}$	-50	150	°C	_	



Table 5 Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Values	Unit	Notes	
		Min. Max.				
Input voltage	$V_1$	5.5	40	٧	see diagram	
Junction temperature	$T_{J}$	-40	150	°C	_	
Thermal Resistance	-	1		1		
Junction ambient	$R_{ m thja}$	_	65	K/W	PG-TO220-7-11 package	
Junction-case	$R_{ m thjc}$	-	6	K/W	PG-TO220-7-11 package	
Junction-case	$Z_{ m thjc}$	-	2	K/W	T < 1 ms PG-TO220-7-1	
Junction ambient	$R_{ m thja}$	_	70	K/W	PG-TO263-7-1 (SMD) package	
Junction-case	$R_{ m thjc}$	_	6	K/W	PG-TO263-7-1 (SMD) package	
Junction-case	$Z_{thjc}$	-	2	K/W	T < 1 ms PG-TO263-7-1 (SMD) package	
Junction ambient	$R_{ m thja}$	-	65	K/W	PG-TO220-7-12 package	
Junction-case	$R_{ m thjc}$	_	6	K/W	PG-TO220-7-12 package	
Junction-case	$Z_{ m thjc}$	-	2	K/W	T < 1 ms PG-TO220-7-12 package	
Junction ambient	$R_{ m thja}$	_	70	K/W	PG-DSO-14-30 package	
Junction-pin	$R_{thjp}$	_	30	K/W	PG-DSO-14-30 package	



### Table 6 Characteristics

 $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V; -40 °C <  $T_{\rm J}$  < 125 °C;  $V_{\rm E2}$  > 4 V (unless specified otherwise)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Output voltage	$V_{Q}$	4.9	5	5.1	V	$\begin{array}{l} \text{5 mA} \leq I_{\text{Q}} \leq \text{400 mA} \\ \text{6 V} \leq V_{\text{I}} \leq \text{26 V} \end{array}$
Output voltage	$V_{Q}$	4.9	5	5.1	V	$\begin{array}{l} \text{5 mA} \leq I_{\text{Q}} \leq \text{150 mA} \\ \text{6 V} \leq V_{\text{I}} \leq \text{40 V} \end{array}$
Output current limiting	$I_{Q}$	500	-	-	mA	<i>T</i> <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C
Current consumption $I_q = I_l - I_Q$	$I_{q}$	_	_	50	μΑ	IC turned off
Current consumption $I_q = I_l - I_Q$	$I_{q}$	_	1.0	10	μА	$T_{\rm J}$ = 25 °C IC turned off
Current consumption $I_q = I_l - I_Q$	$I_{q}$	_	1.3	4	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA IC turned on
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	$I_{q}$	_	_	60	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 400 mA
Current consumption $I_{q} = I_{l} - I_{Q}$	$I_{q}$	_	_	80	mA	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 400 mA $V_{\rm I}$ = 5 V
Drop voltage	$V_{Dr}$	_	0.3	0.6	V	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 400 mA <sup>1)</sup>
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	-	-	50	mV	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_{\text{Q}} \le 400 \text{ mA}$
Supply-voltage regulation	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	15	25	mV	$V_{\rm I}$ = 6 to 36 V; $I_{\rm Q}$ = 5 mA
Supply-voltage rejection	SVR	_	54	_	dB	$f_{\rm r}$ = 100 Hz; $V_{\rm r}$ = 0.5 Vpp
Longterm stability	$\Delta V_{Q}$	_	0	_	mV	1000 h
Reset Generator						
Switching threshold	$V_{RT}$	4.2	4.5	4.8	V	_
Reset High level	_	4.5	-	-	V	$R_{\rm ext} = \infty$
Saturation voltage	$V_{RO,SAT}$	-	0.1	0.4	V	$R_{\rm R} = 4.7 \; {\rm k}\Omega^{2}$
Internal Pull-up resistor	$R_{RO}$	_	30	_	kΩ	_
Saturation voltage	$V_{D,SAT}$	_	50	100	mV	$V_{\rm Q} < V_{\rm RT}$
Charge current	$I_{D}$	8	15	25	μΑ	$V_{\rm D}$ = 1.5 V
Upper delay switching threshold	$V_{UD}$	2.6	3	3.3	V	_



### Table 6 Characteristics (cont'd)

 $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V; -40 °C <  $T_{\rm J}$  < 125 °C;  $V_{\rm E2}$  > 4 V (unless specified otherwise)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	<b>Test Condition</b>
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Delay time	$t_{D}$	_	20	_	ms	$C_{\rm d} = 100 \; {\rm nF}$
Lower delay switching threshold	$V_{LD}$	_	0.43	-	V	-
Reset reaction time	$t_{RR}$	-	2	_	μS	$C_{\rm d} = 100 \; {\rm nF}$
Inhibit						
Turn on voltage	$V_{U,INH}$	_	3	4	٧	IC turned on
Turn off voltage	$V_{L,INH}$	2	_	_	V	IC turned off
Pull-down resistor	$R_{INH}$	50	100	200	kΩ	_
Hysteresis	$\Delta V_{INH}$	0.2	0.5	0.8	V	_
Input current	$I_{INH}$	_	35	100	μА	$V_{INH} = 4\;V$
Hold voltage	$V_{U,HOLD}$	30	35	40	%	Referred to $V_{\rm Q}$
Turn off voltage	$V_{L,HOLD}$	60	70	80	%	Referred to $V_{\rm Q}$
Pull-up resistor	$R_{HOLD}$	20	50	100	kΩ	_
Overvoltage Protection			•			
Turn off voltage	$V_{I,OV}$	42	44	46	٧	$V_{\rm I}$ increasing
Turn on voltage	$V_{ m I,turn~on}$	36	_	-	V	$V_{\rm I}$ decreasing after turn off

<sup>1)</sup> Drop voltage =  $V_{\rm I}$  -  $V_{\rm Q}$  (measured when the output voltage  $V_{\rm Q}$  has dropped 100 mV from the nominal value obtained at  $V_{\rm I}$  = 13.5 V)

<sup>2)</sup> The reset output is Low for 1 V <  $V_{\rm Q} < V_{\rm RT}$ 



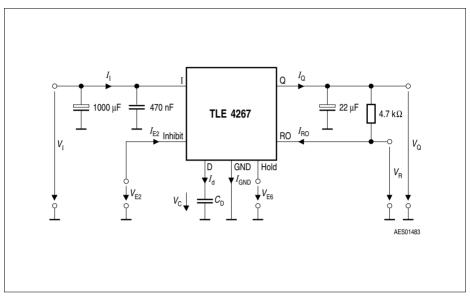


Figure 4 Test Circuit

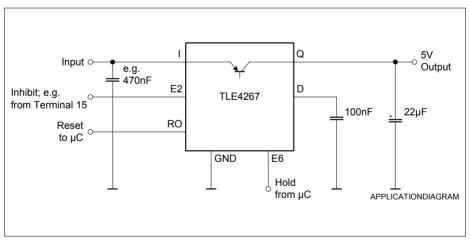


Figure 5 Application Circuit



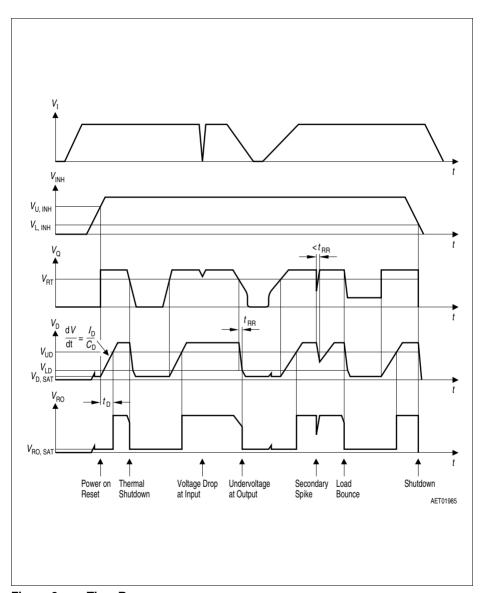


Figure 6 Time Response



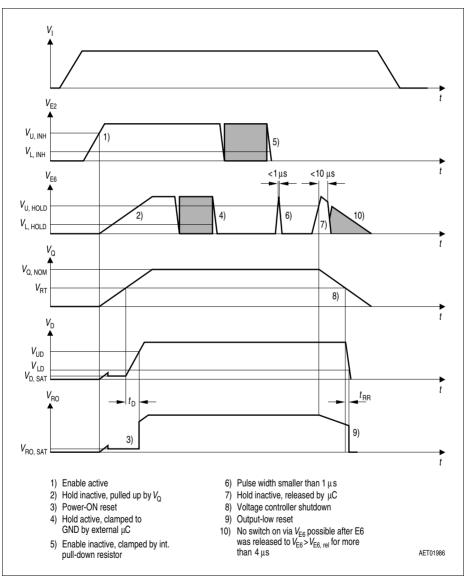
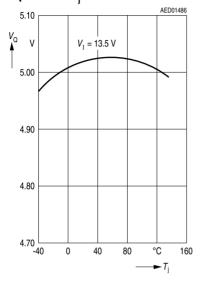


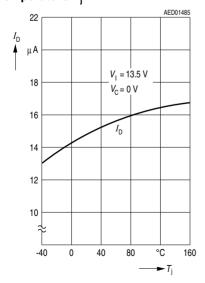
Figure 7 Enable and Hold Behavior



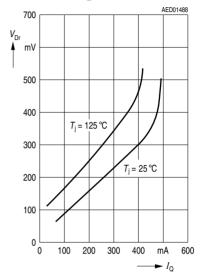
### Output Voltage $V_{\rm Q}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



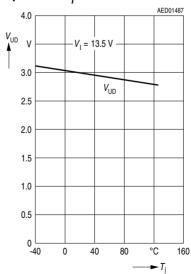
### Charge Current $I_{\rm D}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



### $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Drop\ Voltage}\ V_{\rm Dr}\ {\rm versus} \\ {\rm Output\ Current}\ I_{\rm O} \end{array}$

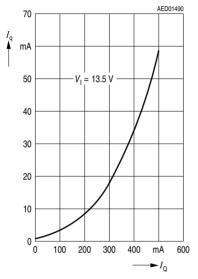


### Delay Switching Threshold $V_{\mathrm{UD}}$ versus Temperature $T_{\mathrm{i}}$

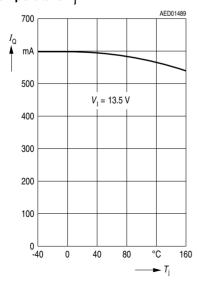




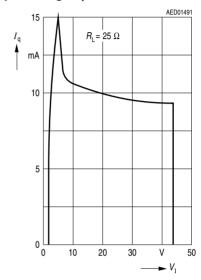
# Current Consumption $I_{\rm q}$ versus Output Current $I_{\rm Q}$



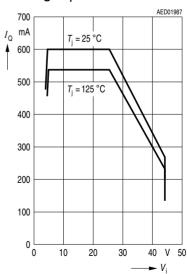
# Output Current Limiting $I_{\rm Q}$ versus Temperature $T_{\rm i}$



# Current Consumption $I_{\rm q}$ versus Input Voltage $V_{\rm l}$

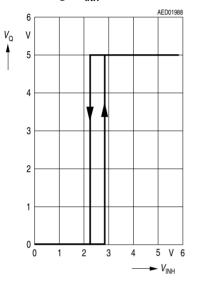


# Output Current Limiting $I_{\rm Q}$ versus Input Voltage $V_{\rm I}$

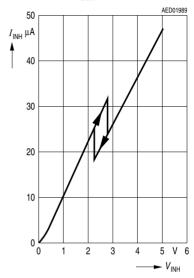




# Output Voltage $V_{\mathrm{Q}}$ versus Inhibit Voltage $V_{\mathrm{INH}}$



# Inhibit Current $I_{\mathrm{INH}}$ versus Inhibit Voltage $V_{\mathrm{INH}}$





### **Package Outlines**

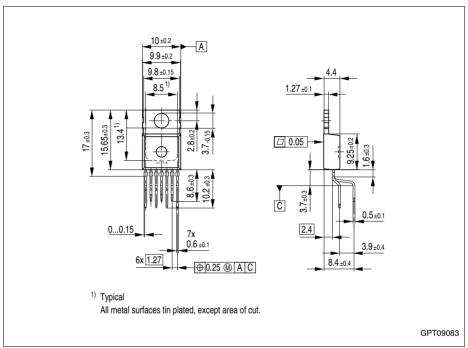


Figure 8 PG-TO220-7-11 (Plastic Transistor Single Outline)

#### Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

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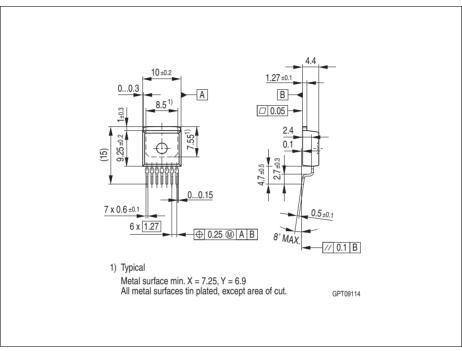


Figure 9 PG-TO263-7-1 (Plastic Transistor Single Outline)

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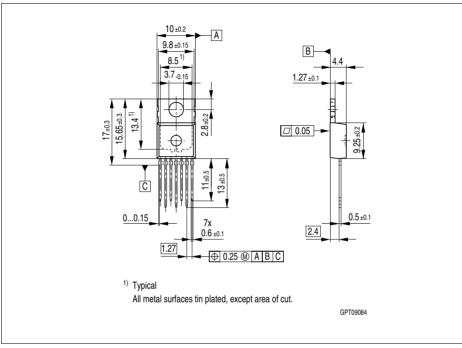


Figure 10 PG-TO220-7-12 (Plastic Transistor Single Outline)

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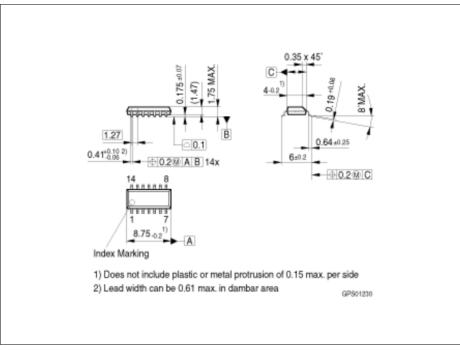


Figure 11 PG-DSO-14-30 (Plastic Dual Small Outline)

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### **Revision History**

Version	Date	Changes
Rev. 2.51	2012-02-20	Page 1: Coverpage added. Page 7: Figure 3 "Block Diagram" updated with clear label for reset output pin. Page 12: Figure 5 "Application Circuit" updated with clear labels for inhibit, hold, reset and reset delay pin.
Rev. 2.5	2007-03-20	Initial version of RoHS-compliant derivate of TLE 4267  Page 2: AEC certified statement added  Page 2 and Page 18 ff: RoHS compliance statement and  Green product feature added  Page 2 and Page 18 ff: Package changed to RoHS  compliant version  Legal Disclaimer updated

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