

Single Channel, High Speed 1MBit/s Transistor Optocoupler

Description

The UMW6N135/6N136 optocoupler consists of an 850nm AlGaAs LED optically coupled to a high speed photodetector transistor. A separate connection for the bias of the photodiode improves the speed by several orders of magnitude over conventional phototransistor optocouplers by reducing the base-collector capacitance of the input transistor. The devices are packaged in an 8-pin DIP package and available in wide-lead spacing (M-type) and SMD option.

Features

- Open-Collector Output
- TTL Compatible
- High bit rate: 1 MBit/s
- Superior CMR-10 kV/μs
- CTR guaranteed: 0-70°C
- RoHS compliant

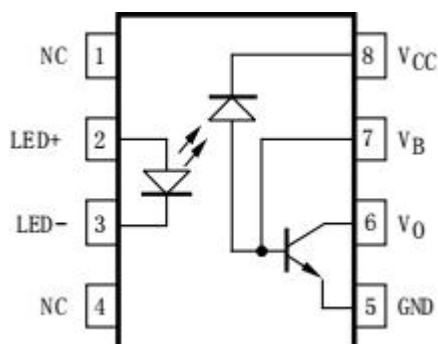
Applications

- Output interface to CMOS-LSTTL-TTL
- Telecommunication equipment
- Power transistor isolation in motor drives
- Replacement for low speed phototransistor photo couplers
- Home appliance WXW

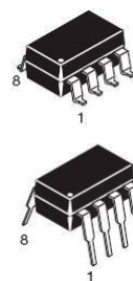
Truth Table (Positive Logic)

| Input | Enable | Output |
|-------|--------|--------|
| H | H | L |
| L | H | H |
| H | L | H |
| L | L | H |
| H | NC | L |
| L | NC | H |

Schematics



Package Outlines



Single Channel, High Speed 1MBit/s Transistor Optocoupler
Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Units |
|---|------------------------|----------------|-------|
| Storage temperature | T _{STG} | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Operating temperature | T _{OPR} | -55 to +100 | °C |
| Lead solder temperature | T _{SOL} | 260 for 10 sec | °C |
| Emitter | | | |
| DC/Average forward input current (Note 1) | I _{F (avg)} | 25 | mA |
| Peak forward input current (50% duty cycle, 1 ms p.w.) (Note 2) | I _{F (pk)} | 50 | mA |
| Peak transient input current (≤1 μs p.w., 300 pps) | I _{F (trans)} | 1 | A |
| Reverse input voltage | V _R | 5 | V |
| Input power dissipation (Note 3) | P _{D (i)} | 100 | mW |
| Detector | | | |
| Average output current | I _{O (avg)} | 8 | mA |
| Peak output current | I _{O (pk)} | 16 | mA |
| Emitter-base reverse voltage | V _{EBR} | 5 | V |
| Supply voltage | V _{CC} | -0.5 to 30 | V |
| Output voltage | V _O | -0.5 to 20 | V |
| Base current | I _B | 5 | mA |
| Output power dissipation (Note 4) | P _{D (o)} | 100 | mW |

Notes

1. Derate linearly above 70°C free -air temperature at a rate of 0.8 mA/°C.
2. Derate linearly above 70°C free -air temperature at a rate of 1.6 mA/°C.
3. Derate linearly above 70°C free -air temperature at a rate of 0.9 mW/°C.
4. Derate linearly above 70°C free -air temperature at a rate of 2.0 mW/°C.

Electro-optical Characteristics (T_A = 0 to 70°C unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Emitter | | | | | | |
| Input forward voltage | (I _F =16mA, T _A =25°C) | V _F | | 1.45 | 1.7 | V |
| | (I _F =16mA) | | | | 1.8 | |
| Input reverse breakdown voltage | (I _R =10μA) | BV _R | 5 | | | V |
| Temperature coefficient of forward voltage | (I _F =16mA) | (ΔV _F /ΔT _A) | | -1.6 | | mV/°C |
| Detector | | | | | | |
| Logic high output current | (I _F =0mA, V _O =V _{CC} =5.5V) (T _A =25°C) | IOH | | 0.001 | 0.5 | μA |
| | (I _F =0mA, V _O =V _{CC} =15V) (T _A =25°C) | | | 0.005 | 1 | |
| | (I _F =0mA, V _O =V _{CC} =15V) | | | | 50 | |

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| | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---|------|------|--------|-----|------------------|
| Logic low supply current | | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_O=\text{Open}$) ($V_{CC}=15\text{V}$) | ICCL | | 120 | 200 | μA |
| Logic high supply current | | ($I_F=0\text{mA}$, $V_O=\text{Open}$, $V_{CC}=15\text{V}$) ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) | ICCH | | | 1 | μA |
| | | ($I_F=0\text{mA}$, $V_O=\text{Open}$) ($V_{CC}=15\text{V}$) | | | | 2 | |
| Coupled | | | | | | | |
| Current transfer ratio (Note 1) | WXW6N135 | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($V_O=0.4\text{V}$), ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) | CTR | 7 | 18 | 50 | % |
| | | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($V_O=0.5\text{V}$) | | 5 | 19 | | |
| | WXW6N136 | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($V_O=0.4\text{V}$), ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) | | 19 | 24 | 50 | |
| | | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($V_O=0.5\text{V}$) | | 15 | 25 | | |
| Logic low output voltage output voltage | WXW6N135 | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($I_O=1.1\text{mA}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) | VOL | | 0.18 | 0.4 | V |
| | | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($I_O=0.8\text{mA}$) | | | | 0.5 | |
| | WXW6N136 | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($I_O=3.0\text{mA}$, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) | | | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| | | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=4.5\text{V}$) ($I_O=2.4\text{mA}$) | | | 0.1 | 0.5 | |
| Switching ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$) | | | | | | | |
| Propagation delay time to logic low | WXW6N135 | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 2) | TPHL | | 0.45 | 1.5 | μs |
| | | ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 3) | | | | 2 | |
| | WXW6N136 | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, ($R_L=1.9\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 2) | | | 0.2 | 0.8 | |
| | | ($R_L=1.9\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 3) | | | | 1 | |
| Propagation delay time to logic high | WXW6N135 | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 2) | TPLH | | 0.5 | 1.5 | μs |
| | | ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 3) | | | | 2 | |
| | WXW6N136 | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 2) | | | 0.6 | 0.8 | |
| | | ($R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$, $I_F=16\text{mA}$) (Note 3) | | | | 1 | |
| Common mode transient immunity at logic high | WXW6N135 | ($I_F=0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM}=10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$) (Note 4) $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | CMH | | 10,000 | | V/ μs |
| | WXW6N136 | ($I_F=0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM}=10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $R_L=1.9\text{k}\Omega$) (Note 4) $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 10,000 | | |
| Common mode transient immunity at logic low | WXW6N135 | ($I_F=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CM}=10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $R_L=4.1\text{k}\Omega$) (Note 4) $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | CML | | 10,000 | | V/ μs |
| | WXW6N136 | ($I_F=0\text{mA}$, $V_{CM}=10\text{V}_{P-P}$, $R_L=1.9\text{k}\Omega$) (Note 4) $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 10,000 | | |
| Isolation | | | | | | | |
| Input-output insulation leakage current | | (Relative humidity=45%) ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=5\text{s}$) (V_{I-O} $=3000\text{VDC}$) (Note 5) | II-O | | | 1 | μA |
| Withstand insulation test voltage | | (RH \leq 50%, $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) (Note5) ($t=1\text{min.}$) | VISO | 5000 | | | VRMS |
| Resistance (input to output) | | (Note 5) ($V_{I-O}=500\text{VDC}$) | RI-O | | 1012 | | W |

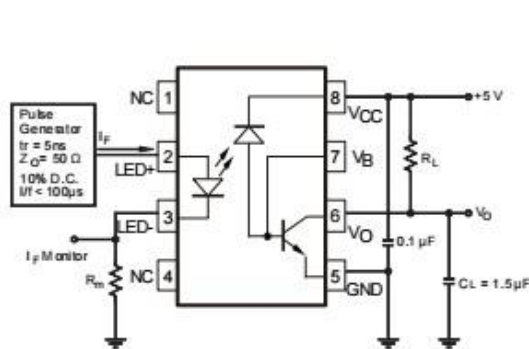
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| | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------|-----|----|
| Capacitance (input to output) | (Note 5) (f=1MHz) | CI-O | 0.6 | pF |
| DC Current gain | (I _O =3mA, V _O =5V) | HFE | 150 | |

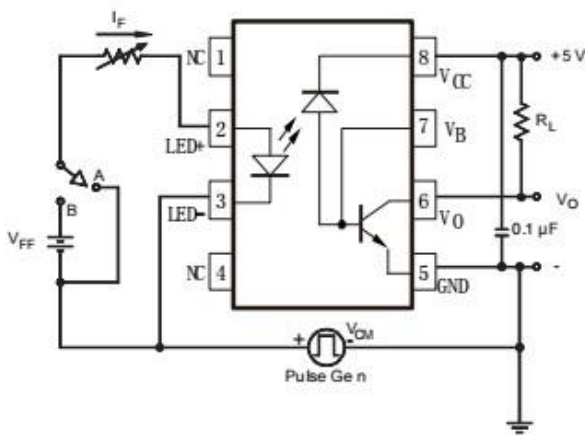
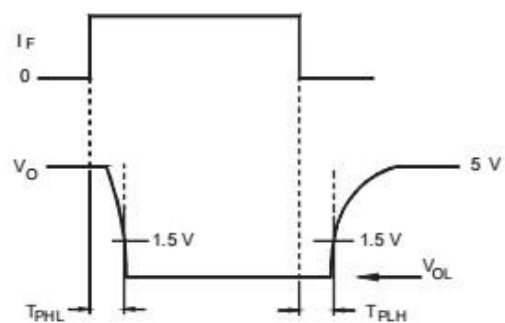
Notes

1. Current Transfer Ratio is defined as a ratio of output collector current, I_O, to the forward LED input current, I_F, times 100%.
2. The 4.1 kΩ load represents 1 LSTTL unit load of 0.36 mA and 6.1kΩ pull-up resistor.
3. The 1.9 kΩ load represents 1 TTL unit load of 1.6 mA and 5.6 kΩ pull-up resistor.
4. Common mode transient immunity in logic high level is the maximum tolerable (positive) dV_{cm}/dt on the leading edge of the common mode pulse signal V_{CM}, to assure that the output will remain in a logic high state (i.e., V_O>2.0 V). Common mode transient immunity in logic low level is the maximum tolerable (negative) dV_{cm}/dt on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal, V_{CM}, to assure that the output will remain in a logic low state (i.e., V_O<0.8 V).
5. Device is considered a two terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.

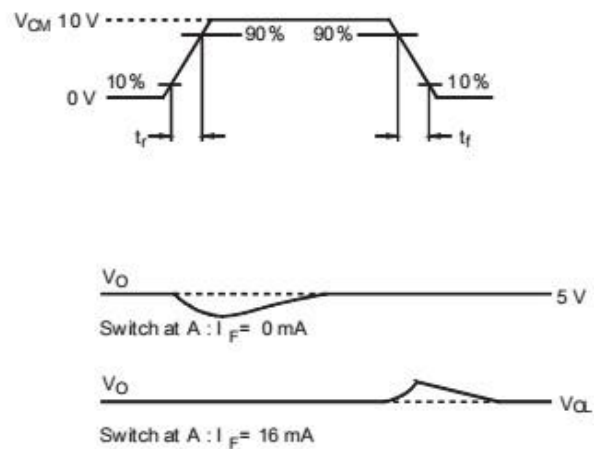
Test Circuits



Switching Time Test Circuit



Common Mode Immunity Test Circuit



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Typical Performance Curves

Fig. 1 Normalized CTR vs. Forward Current

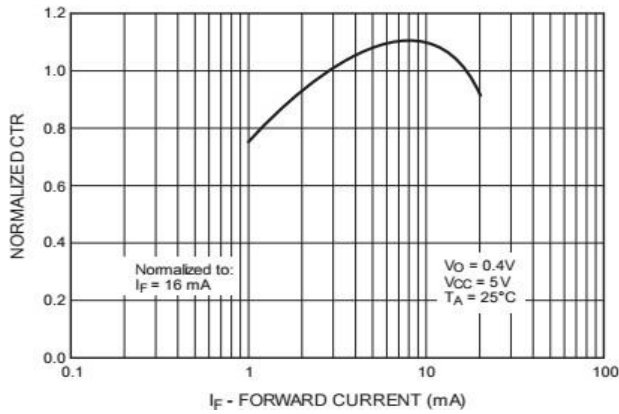


Fig. 2 Normalized CTR vs. Temperature

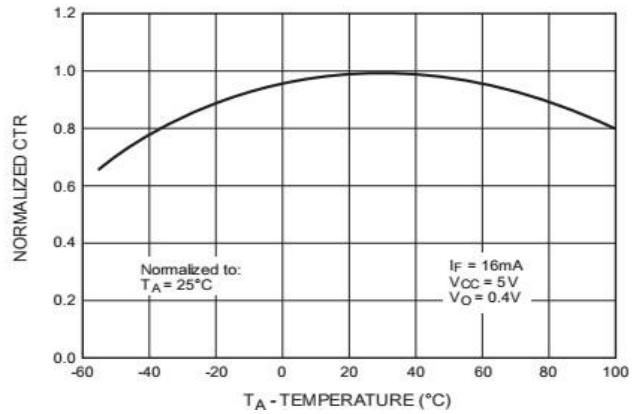


Fig. 3 Output Current vs. Output Voltage

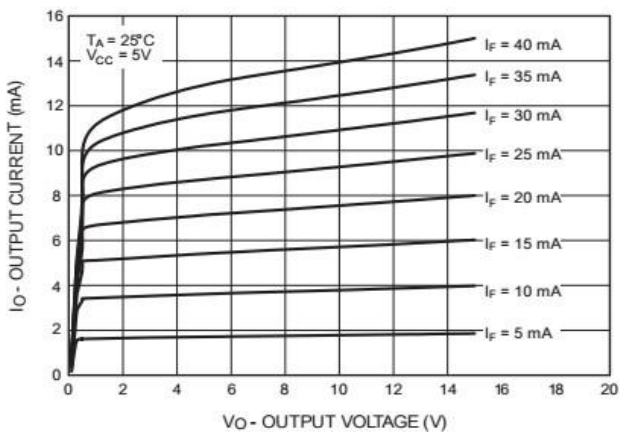


Fig. 4 Logic High Output Current vs. Temperature

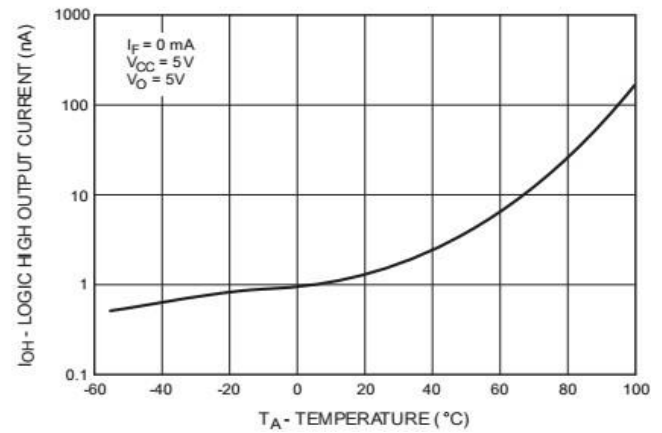


Fig. 5 Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

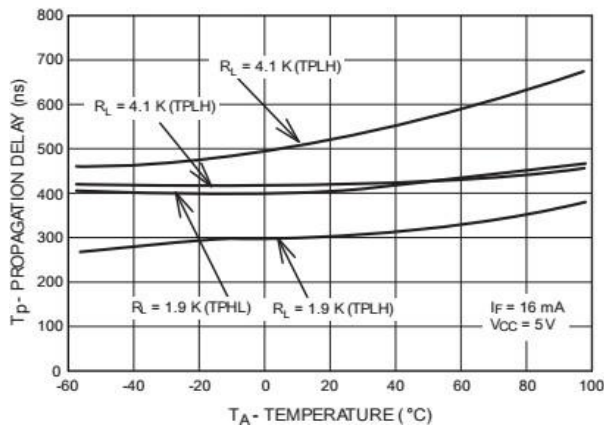
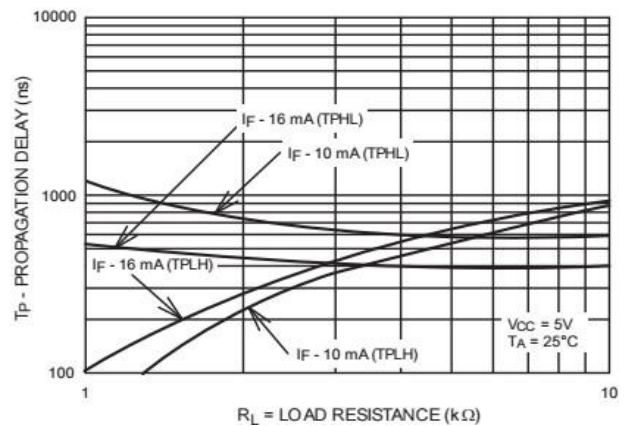


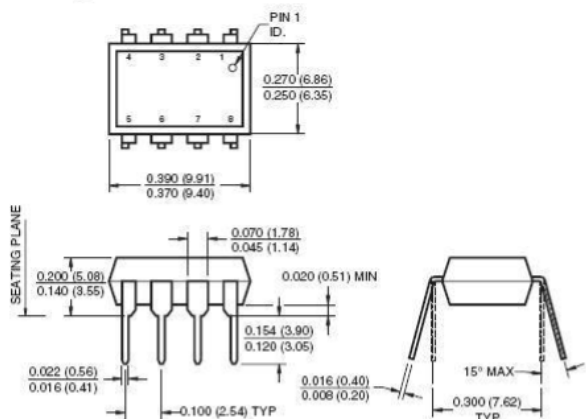
Fig. 6 Propagation Delay vs. Load Resistance



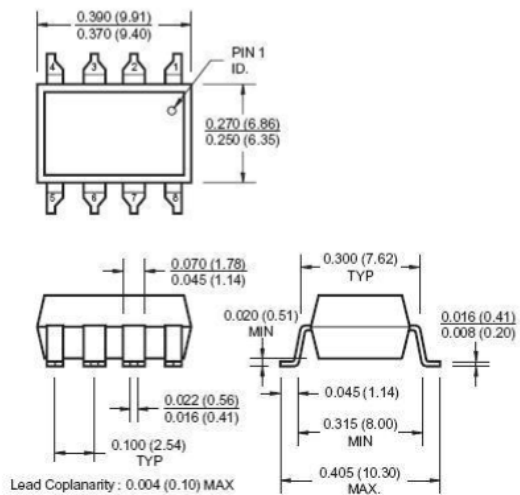
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Package Dimensions

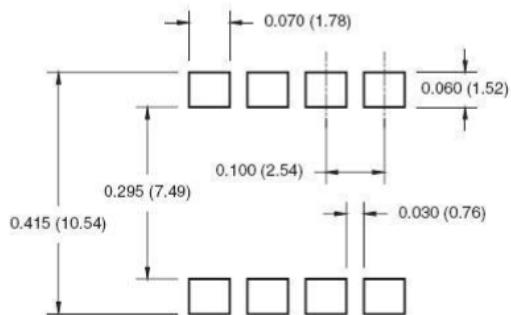
Through Hole



Surface Mount



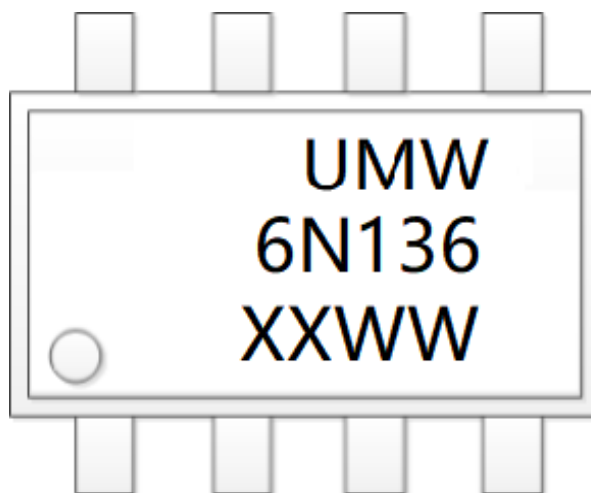
8-Pin DIP – Land Pattern



Note: All dimensions are in inches (millimeters)

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Marking



- “XX” denotes YEAR;
- “WW” denotes WEEK

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Order Code | Description | Base qty |
|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| UMW 6N135M | Iron frame, DIP-8, Halogen/lead -free | 1280/BOX |
| UMW 6N135S | Copper frame, SOP-8, Halogen-free | 1000/REEL |
| UMW 6N136M | Iron frame, DIP-8, Halogen/lead -free | 1280/BOX |
| UMW 6N136S | Copper frame, SOP-8, Halogen-free | 1000/REEL |